

DRUG AND ALCOHOL POLICIES



BROWN MACKIE COLLEGE
PHOENIXSM

Alcohol/Drug Possession, Usage, and Distribution Policy

Drug-Free Workplace and College

The use of illegal drugs and the abuse of alcohol at Brown Mackie College — Phoenix or in facilities controlled by Brown Mackie College — Phoenix are prohibited by College regulations and are incompatible with the Brown Mackie College — Phoenix goal of providing a healthy educational environment for students, faculty, staff, and guests. The following information is provided in compliance with the Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act Amendments of 1989.

Effects of Drugs and Alcohol

Although individuals often use drugs and alcohol to achieve a variety of effects on mind and body that are found to be temporarily useful or pleasurable, drugs can be highly addictive and injurious. A person can pay a price in terms of his or her physical, emotional, and social health.

This price can be paid in a number of ways. The risk of contracting sexually transmitted diseases, including AIDS, is increased through unwanted or unprotected sex when one is under the influence of drugs or alcohol. Drugs can be the trigger for violent crime. Economic and legal problems usually follow directly when one tries to support a drug habit by resorting to crime. The dependence, illness, loss of job, and loss of family or friends that can result from drug or alcohol use and abuse can be tragic.

In keeping with the mission of Education Management Corporation and the requirements of state and federal law Brown Mackie College — Phoenix has adopted this program to ensure a drug-free college and workplace and to prevent the use of controlled substances and the abuse of alcohol.

Health Risks Associated with the Use of Alcohol

Short-Term Risks

- Increased risks of accidents and injuries
- Alcohol-related traffic accidents (the leading cause of death for teens)
- Alcohol slows reaction time, decreases muscle coordination, and impairs vision
- Fatal overdose
- Unconsciousness or blackout
- Death by aspiration of vomit
- Nausea
- Gastritis

Long-Term Risks

- Increased blood pressure
- Increased risk of heart attack
- Brain damage resulting in permanent psychosis
- Cancer of the mouth, esophagus, or stomach
- Liver damage (cirrhosis, alcohol hepatitis, cancer)
- Ulcers and gastritis
- Pancreatitis
- Birth defects
- In males, testicular atrophy and breast enlargement
- In females, increased risk of breast cancer
- Prolonged, excessive drinking can shorten life span by 10 to 12 years

Health Risks Associated with the Use of Drugs

Amphetamines (Speed, Uppers)

- Malnutrition
- Hallucinations
- Dependence, psychological, and sometimes physical

Deliriants (Aerosols, Lighter Fluid, Paint Thinner)

- Permanent damage to lungs, brain, liver, bone marrow
- Loss of coordination, confusion, hallucinations
- Overdose causing convulsions, death

Depressants (Barbiturates, Tranquilizers, Methaqualone)

- Confusion, depression, loss of coordination
- Dependence — physical and psychological
- Coma, death (caused by overdose)
- Can be lethal when combined with alcohol

Hallucinogens (LSD, PCP, DMT, STP, Mescaline)

- Hallucinations, panic, irrational behaviors (which can lead to increased risk of accidents, injuries)
- Tolerance overdose leading to convulsions, coma, death
- Possible birth defects in children of LSD users

Intravenous Drug Use

- Places one at risk for HIV infection (the virus causing AIDS) when needles are shared

Marijuana and Hashish

- Chronic bronchitis
- Decreased vital capacity
- Increased risk of lung cancer
- In men, lower levels of testosterone and increase in abnormal sperm count

Stimulants (Cocaine)

- Painful nosebleeds and nasal erosion
- Intense “downs” that result in physical and/or emotional discomfort
- Tolerance and physical dependence can develop

Narcotics (Heroin, Morphine, Codeine, Opium)

- Malnutrition
- Hepatitis
- Loss of judgment and self-control leading to increased risk of accidents, injuries
- Dependence
- Overdose leading to convulsions, coma, death

CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES USES AND EFFECTS

Drugs/CSA Schedules	Trade or other names	Medical Uses	Physical Dependence	Psychological Dependence	Tolerance	Duration (Hours)	Usual Method of Admin.	Possible Effects	Effects of Overdose	Withdrawal Symptoms			
Narcotics													
Opium	II III V Dover's Powder, Paregoric, Parepectolin	Analgesic, Antidiarrheal	High Y	High	es	3-6	Oral, Smoked	Euphoria, drowsiness, respiratory depression, constricted pupils, nausea	Slow & shallow W breathing, clammy skin convulsions, coma irrit possible death	tery eyes, runny nose yawing, loss of appetite ability, tremors, panic, cramps, nausea, chills and sweating			
Morphine	II II Morphine, MS Contin, Roxanol, Roxanol-SR	Analgesic, Antitussive	High Y	High	es	3-6	Injected						
Codeine	II III V Tylenol w/Codeine, Empirin w/Codeine, Robitussin A-C, Fiorinal w/Codeine A	Analgesic, Antitussive	Moderate	Moderate	es	3-6	Oral, Injected						
Heroin	I Diacetylmorphine, Horse, Smack	None	High	High	es	3-6	Smoked						
Hydromorphone	II Dilaudid	Analgesic	high	High	es	3-6	Oral, Injected						
Meperidine (Pethidine)	II Demerol, Mepergan	Analgesic	High	High	es	3-6	Oral, Injected						
Methadone	II Dolophine, Methadone, Methadose	Analgesic	High	High-Low	es	12-24	Oral, Injected						
Other Narcotics	I II III IV V Numorphan, Percodan, Percocet, Tylox Tussionex, Fentanyl, Darvon, Lomotil, Talwin (2)	Analgesic, Antidiarrheal, Antitussive	High-Low	High-Low	es	Var.	Oral, Injected						
Depressants													
Chloral Hydrate	IV Noctec	Hypnotic	Moderate	Moderate	es	5-8	Oral				Slurred speech, disorientation, drunken behavior without order of alcohol	Shallow respiration, clammy skin, dilated pupils, weak and rapid pulse, coma, possible death	Anxiety, insomnia, tremors, delirium, convulsions, possible death
Barbiturates	II III IV Amytal, Butisol, Florinol, Lotusate Nembutal, Seconal, Tuinal, Phenobarbital	Anesthetic, anticonvulsant, sedative, hypnotic, vet. euthanasia agent	High-Mod.	High-Mod.	es	1-16	Oral						
Benzodiazepines	IV Ativan, Dalmane, Diazepam, Librium, Xanax, Serzax, Valium, Tranxene, Verstran, Versed, Halcion, Paxipam, Restoril	Antianxiety, anticonvulsive, Sedative, hypnotic	Low	Low	es	4-8	Oral						
Methaqualone	I Quaalude	Sedative, hypnotic	High	High	es	4-8	Oral						
Glutethimide I	II Doriden	Sedative, hypnotic	High	Moderate	es	4-8	Oral						
Other Depressants	III IV Equanil, Miltown, Noludar, Placidyl, Valmid	Antianxiety, sedative, hypnotic	Moderate	Moderate	es	4-8	Oral						
Stimulants													
Cocaine (I)	II Coke, Flake, Snow, Crack	Local Anesthetic	Possible	High	es	1-2	Injected	Increased alertness, excitation, euphoria, increased pulse rate and blood pressure, insomnia, loss of appetite	Agitation, increase in body temperature, hallucinations, convulsions, possible death	Apathy, long periods of sleep, irritability, depression, disorientation			
Amphetamines	II Biphetamine, Delcobese, Dexadrine, Obertol	ADD, Narcolepsy, Weight Control	Possible	High	es	2-4	Oral, Injected						
Phenmetrazine	II Preludin	Weight Control	Possible	High	es	2-4	Oral, Injected						
Methylphenidate	II Ritalin	ADD, narcolepsy	Possible	Moderate	es	2-4	Oral, Injected						
Other Stimulants	III, IV Adipex, Cyulert, Didrex, Ionamin, Melflat, Plegine, Sanorex, Tenuate, Tepanil, Prelu-2	Weight Control	Possible	High	es	2-4	Oral, Injected						
Hallucinogens													
LSD I	Acid, Microdot	None	None	Unknown	es	8-12	Oral	Illusions and hallucinations, poor perception of time and distance	Longer, more intense "trip" episodes, psychosis, possible death	Withdrawal syndrome not reported			
Mescaline & Peyote	I Mexc, Buttons, Cactus	None	None	Unknown	es	8-12	Oral						
Amphetamine Variants	I 2.5-DMA, PMA, STP, MDA, MDMA, TMA, DOM, Dob	None	Unknown	Unknown	es	Var.	Oral, Injected						
Phencyclidine	II PCP, Angel Dust, Hog	None	Unknown	High	es	Days	Injected						
Phencyclidine Analogues	I PCE, PCPy, TCP	None	Unknown	High	es	Days	Injected						
Other Hallucinogens	I Bufotenine, Ibogaine, DMT, DET, Psilocybin, Psilocyn	None	None	Unknown	es	Var.	Smoked, Oral, Injected, Sniffed						
Cannabis													
Marijuana	I Pot, Acapulco Gold, Grass, Reefer Sinsamilla, Thai Sticks	None	Unknown	Moderate	es	2-4	Smoked, Oral	Euphoria, relaxed inhibitions, increased appetite, disoriented behavior	Fatigue, paranoia possible psychosis	Insomnia, hyperactivity, and decreased appetite (occasionally reported)			
Tetrahydrocannabinol I	THC, Marinol cancer	chemo.	Unknown	Moderate	es	2-4	Smoked, Oral						
Hashish I	Hash	None	Unknown	Moderate	es	2-4	Smoked, Oral						
Hashish Oil	I Hash Oil	None	Unknown	Moderate	es	2-4	Smoked, Oral						
(1) DESIGNATED A NARCOTIC UNDER THE CSA		(2) NOT DESIGNATED A NARCOTIC UNDER THE CSA											

Sanctions

Brown Mackie College — Phoenix Sanctions and State and Federal Sanctions

Federal Trafficking Penalties								
CSA	Penalty		Quantity	Drug	Quantity	Penalty		
	2nd offense	1st offense				1st offense	2nd offense	
I and II	Not less than 10 years. Not more than life.	Not less than 5 years. Not more than 40 years.	10-99 gm or 100-999 gm mixture	Methamphetamine	100 gm or more or 1 kg or more mixture	Not less than 10 years. Not more than life.	Not less than 20 years. Not more than life.	
			100-999 gm mixture	Heroin	1 kg or more mixture			
			500-4,999 gm mixture	Cocaine	5 kg or more mixture			
	5-49 gm mixture	Cocaine Base	50 gm or more mixture					
	10-99 gm or 100-999 gm mixture	PCP	100 gm or more or 1 kg of more mixture					
	1-9 gm mixture	LSD	10 gm or more mixture					
If death or serious injury, not less than life.	If death or serious injury, not less than 20 years. Not more than life.	40-399 gm mixture	Fentanyl	400 gm or more mixture	If death or serious injury, not less than 20 years. Not more than life.	If death or serious injury, not less than life.		
		10-99 gm mixture	Fentanyl Analogue	100 gm or more mixture				
Fine of not more than \$4 million individual, \$10 million other than individual.	Fine of not more than \$2 million individual, \$5 million other than individual.	First Offense		Second Offense		Fine of not more than \$4 million individual, \$10 million other than individual.	Fine of not more than \$8 million individual, \$20 million other than individual.	
		Drug	Quantity					
Others*	Any	Not more than 20 years. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 year, no more than life. Fine \$1 million individual, \$5 million not individual.		Not more than 30 years. If death or serious injury, life. Fine \$2 million individual, \$10 million not individual.				
III	All includes anabolic steroids as of 2/27/91	Any	Not more than 5 years. Fine not more than \$250,000 individual, \$1 million not individual.		Not more than 10 years. Fine not more than \$500,000 individual, \$2 million not individual.			
IV	Drug	Any	Not more than 3 years. Fine not more than \$250,000 individual, \$1 million not individual.		Not more than 6 years. Fine not more than \$500,000 individual, \$2 million not individual.			
V	Drug	Any	Not more than 1 year. Fine not more than \$100,000 individual, \$250,000 not individual.		Not more than 2 years. Fine not more than \$200,000 individual, \$500,000 not individual.			

*Does not include Marijuana, Hashish or Hashish Oil (See Chart Below)
As of January 1, 1996

Federal Trafficking Penalties – Marijuana*			
Description	Quantity	First Offense	Second Offense
Marijuana	1,000 kg. or more mixture; or 1,000 or more plants	Not less than 10 years, not more than life. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 years, not more than life. Fine not more that \$4 million individual, \$10 million other than individual.	Not less than 20 years, not more than life. If death or serious injury, not more than life. Fine not more that \$8 million individual, \$20 million other than individual.
Marijuana	100 kg. to 999 kg. mixture; or 100-999 plants	Not less than 5 years, not more than 40 years. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 years, not more than life. Fine not more that \$2 million individual, \$5 million other than individual.	Not less than 10 years, not more than life. If death or serious injury, not more than life. Fine not more that \$4 million individual, \$10 million other than individual.
Marijuana	50 to 99 kg. mixture; or 50 to 99 plants	Not more than 20 years. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 years, not more than life. Fine \$1 million individual, \$5 million other than individual.	Not more than 30 years. If death or serious injury, not more than life. Fine \$2 million individual, \$10 million other than individual.
Marijuana	Less than 50 kg. mixture	Not more than 5 years. Fine not more than \$250,000 individual, \$1 million other than individual.	Not more than 10 years. Fine \$500,000 individual, \$2 million other than individual.
Hashish	10 kg. or more		
Hashish Oil	1 kg. or more		

*Includes Hashish and Hashish Oil
As of January 1, 1996

(Marijuana is a Schedule I Controlled Substance)

Arizona Crime Classifications

Crime	Offense	Classification
Possession of Marijuana	First	Felony
Possession of Narcotic Paraphernalia	First	Class IV Felony
Possession of Prescription drugs	First	Felony
Sale or Transportation of drugs	First	Felony
Driving under the influence of drugs	First	Class I Misdemeanor
Driving under the influence of drugs	Second	Misdemeanor

Arizona criminal statutes provide for drug offense penalties in relation to the amount of the drug possessed, the drug involved, and whether the offense is a first or subsequent offense.

Possession of drug amounts under the statutory threshold amounts are presumed to be for personal use in the absence of additional evidence to the contrary.

Possession of drug amounts in excess of the statutory threshold amounts are presumed to be for commercial gain.

Drug trafficking (selling, manufacturing or possessing quantities of drugs in excess of the statutory threshold amounts) carry prison time and fines under the Arizona Revised Statutes:

- Cocaine (over 9 grams): 1 to 3 years
- Morphine (over 1 gram): 1.5 to 3 years
- Marijuana (over 2 lbs.): .75 to 12.5 year (Depending on aggregate amount)

Driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs carries the following penalties:

First Offense	One to 10 days in Jail, extensive fines, court ordered treatment, license revocation
Second Offense	At least 15 days and up to two years imprisonment, \$5,000 to \$250,000 fine, or both
Third Offense	240 days in prison, extensive fines, court ordered treatment, license revocation

Additional sanctions may apply if property damage, injury or death results.

Possession of alcoholic beverages by a minor is prohibited in the State of Arizona. Any person furnishing alcohol to a minor can be charged with Contributing to the Delinquency of a Minor (Class 1 Misdemeanor).

Additional sanctions exist under Arizona law for drug and alcohol offenses including denial of student loans and grants, ineligibility to participate in home loan and other assistance programs, and denial or revocation of professional licenses.

The application of law and penalties vary from case to case depending on circumstances. The preceding information is not to be relied on as legal advice. Always consult a qualified attorney for legal advice.

Federal penalties and sanctions for illegal possession of a controlled substance include the following:

First Conviction	Up to one year in prison, fine of \$1,000 to \$100,000, or both
Second Conviction	At least 15 days and up to two years imprisonment, \$5,000 to \$250,000 fine, or both
After Two Drug Convictions	At least 90 days and up to three years in prison, \$5,000 to \$250,000 fine, or both. Special federal sentencing provisions for possession of crack cocaine include a mandatory prison term of at least five years and up to 20 years, fine of up to \$250,000, or both, for a first conviction if the amount of crack exceeds five grams, for a second conviction if amount exceeds three grams, and for a third or subsequent conviction if the amount exceeds one gram.

Additional federal sanctions may also apply including forfeiture of vehicles used to transport controlled substances, denial of federal benefits including student loans, grants, and contracts, and denial or revocation of certain federal licenses and benefits.

Convictions for Drug-Related Offenses

Any student convicted of any drug-related criminal statute must notify the dean of academic affairs, in writing, no later than five (5) days after such conviction regardless of where the offense occurred. This is because under federal and state laws, any student convicted of a drug-related felony offense must be denied all federal and state assistance, including Pell Grants, and CAP grants. However, a criminal conviction shall not be necessary to find that a student has violated these standards of conduct, and Brown Mackie College — Phoenix need not, and ordinarily will not, defer its own actions and sanctions pending the outcome of any criminal proceeding.

Danger Signals Indication a Drug or Alcohol Problem

Following is a listing of classic danger signals that may indicate the presence of a drug or alcohol problem:

- Abrupt changes in mood or attitude
- Decreased efficiency at work or at school
- Frequent absences, tardiness, and/or early departures
- Relationship problems with family, friends, and co-workers
- Unusual outbursts of anger and hostility
- Social withdrawal

Advising

If you observe any of these changes in yourself or another student, you are encouraged to talk with faculty or staff member.

Abuse of alcohol or drugs can lead to dependency and addiction, with serious consequences for personal health and overall quality of life. There are drug and alcohol counseling, treatment, and rehabilitation facilities available in our area where students and employees may seek advice and treatment. The student advisor staff or a faculty member will refer you to one that meets your needs.

Phoenix Area Resources

These organizations may be contacted for help.

Alcoholics Anonymous
Salt River Intergroup, Inc.
4602 N. 7th St.
Phoenix, AZ 85014
602-264-1341

Narcotics Anonymous
Phoenix, AZ 85067
480-897-4636

Co-dependents Anonymous
602-277-7991

National Sexual Assault Hotline
800-656-HOPE

Call for meeting times and locations.

The National Institute on Drug Abuse Hotline (1-800-662-4357) is available from 8:00 a.m. to 2:00 a.m., Monday through Friday and from 11:00 a.m. to 2:00 a.m. on weekends.

A list of emergency and sliding-fee scale resources is available from the student advisor.